



*National Aeronautics and Space  
Administration Goddard Earth Science Data  
Information and Services Center (GES DISC)*

# README Document for Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) Land Data Assimilation System (FLDAS) Products

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# Revision History

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<b><i>Revision Date</i></b>	<b><i>Changes</i></b>	<b><i>Author</i></b>
08/05/2015	Initial version based on information from Amy McNally.	Hualan Rui
09/28/2015	Add information for VIC model	Hualan Rui
12/09/2015	Update the Table 2 and Table 3	Hualan Rui
04/12/2016	Add new data products from simulation "C"	Hualan Rui
08/09/2016	Remove data products from simulation "B"	Hualan Rui
10/12/2016	Add daily FLDAS products	Hualan Rui
11/21/2016	Review and revise	Amy McNally
12/09/2016	Add DOIs for daily products	Hualan Rui
02/22/2017	Convert to comply with the newer README template	Carlee Loeser
03/15/2017	Update acknowledgement and references	Carlee Loeser
04/28/2017	Add new variable for Noah simulation "C"	Carlee Loeser

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# 1.0 Introduction

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This document provides the basic information for using the Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) Land Data Assimilation System (FLDAS) products.

The Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) Land Data Assimilation System (FLDAS) is a custom instance of the NASA Land Information System (LIS; <http://lis.gsfc.nasa.gov>) that has been adapted to work with domains, data streams, and monitoring and forecast requirements associated with food security assessment in data-sparse, developing country settings. Adopting LIS allows FEWS NET to leverage existing land surface models and generate ensembles of soil moisture, ET, and other variables based on multiple meteorological inputs or land surface models. The goal of the FLDAS project is to achieve more effective use of limited available hydroclimatic observations and is designed to be adopted for routine use for FEWS NET decision support.

The FLDAS includes a crop water balance model used operationally by FEWS NET (GeoWRSI: Verdin and Klaver, 2002; Senay and Verdin, 2003), Africa specific daily rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (RFE2; Xie and Arkin, 1997) and CHIRPS, a quasi-global rainfall dataset designed for seasonal drought monitoring and trend analysis ([Funk et al., 2014](#)). Additional features include a temporal desegregation scheme so that daily rainfall inputs can be used in both energy and water balance calculations, an irrigation module, and global irrigation and crop maps. State-of-the-practice land data assimilation methods are available in LIS, and will be explored in an associated forecasting project.

## 1.1 Dataset Description

FLDAS data are from Noah and VIC Land Surface Models (LSMs); each model has two simulation runs (forced with two different forcing data), and each simulation runs over three different regions. Simulation run “A” is referred to the simulation run forced by the combination of NCEP's Global Data Assimilation System (GDAS) data and NOAA CPC Africa Rainfall Estimation Algorithm v2 (RFE2) data. Simulation run “C” is referred to the simulation run forced by the combination of the new version of Modern Era Retrospective-analysis for Research and Applications (MERRA-2) and Climate Hazards Group InfraRed Precipitation with Station data (CHIRPS). FLDAS data are grouped by LSM, forcing data type, spatial coverage, and temporal resolution.

Each simulation run “A” was initialized on 1 January 2001 using soil moisture and other state fields from a FLDAS/Noah model climatology for that day of the year. Each simulation run “C” was initialized on 1 January 1982 using soil moisture and other state fields from a FLDAS/Noah model climatology for that day of the year.

## 1.2 Data Disclaimer

Please periodically check the [GES DISC web site](#) and [GES DISC Hydrology Portal](#) for the latest FLDAS data. The FLDAS\_A daily data are updated no later than 3pm each day, for the previous days LSM outputs. FLDAS\_A and C monthly data is updated no later than the 5<sup>th</sup> of the month for their respective latencies. For example, on Nov 5th FLDAS\_A will be updated through October 31, and FLDAS\_C will be updated through September 30.

### 1.2.1 Acknowledgment

Please refer to McNally et al. (2017) for more information about the FLDAS project.  
McNally, A. *et al.* A land data assimilation system for sub-Saharan Africa food and water security applications. *Sci. Data* 4:170012 doi: 10.1038/sdata.2017.12 (2017)

NASA requests that you include the following acknowledgment in papers published using these data:

*"The data used in this study were acquired as part of the mission of NASA's Earth Science Division and archived and distributed by the Goddard Earth Sciences (GES) Data and Information Services Center (DISC)."*

We would appreciate receiving a copy of your publication, which can be forwarded to the following address:

GES DISC Help Desk  
Code 610.2  
NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, MD 20771  
Phone: 301-614-5224  
Fax: 301-614-5268  
**Email:** [gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov](mailto:gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov)

### 1.2.2 Contact Information

For information about or assistance in using any GES DISC data, please contact the GES DISC Help Desk at:

GES DISC  
Code 610.2  
NASA Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, Maryland 20771  
Email: [gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov](mailto:gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov)  
301-614-5224 (voice)  
301-614-5268 (fax)

For general science questions and comments, please contact:

Amy McNally  
 Earth System Science Interdisciplinary Center  
 University of Maryland, College Park  
 Hydrological Sciences Laboratory, Code 617  
 NASA Goddard Space Flight Center  
 Greenbelt, MD 20771  
 Email: [Amy.L.Mcnally@nasa.gov](mailto:Amy.L.Mcnally@nasa.gov)  
 Phone: 301-614-6723

### 1.2.3. Digital Object Identifier (DOI) and Citation

A Digital Object Identifier or DOI is a unique alphanumeric string used to identify a digital object and provide a permanent link online. DOIs are often used in online publications in citations. Table 1 lists DOIs for FLDAS data products.

Table 1. DOIs for FLDAS Version 001 Data Products

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>DOI</b>
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_EA_M.001	10.5067/J36A1H1TWN1T
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_SA_M.001	10.5067/AR7NJ3IYBVM7
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_WA_M.001	10.5067/CQ7NJRZV7T9
FLDAS_NOAH01_C_EA_M.001	10.5067/XLNQ30KMZVHX
FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.001	10.5067/8LPWNKCBUDA6
FLDAS_NOAH01_C_WA_M.001	10.5067/XR8B8Y58OVV9
FLDAS_VIC025_A_EA_M.001	10.5067/BIF2EPDNHD4V
FLDAS_VIC025_A_SA_M.001	10.5067/RS9NFRACQ33N
FLDAS_VIC025_A_WA_M.001	10.5067/FRUFXGQHNYQB
FLDAS_VIC025_C_EA_M.001	10.5067/OMUF7M783R89
FLDAS_VIC025_C_SA_M.001	10.5067/8YWIDP9CZ2KS
FLDAS_VIC025_C_WA_M.001	10.5067/7E2VFYF8BYGY
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_EA_D.001	10.5067/VXRGZFAYSUT2
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_SA_D.001	10.5067/BJGBWP3V3B2C
FLDAS_NOAH01_A_WA_D.001	10.5067/XH9S0WJHMTMH
FLDAS_VIC025_A_EA_D.001	10.5067/RZSOLTPV7XRO

FLDAS_VIC025_A_SA_D.001	10.5067/MJMKSFIXSVFG
FLDAS_VIC025_A_WA_D.001	10.5067/SVHPIU7HXEML

Each of DOIs in Table 1 is linked to the corresponding data product page and the Data Citation for the data product is located on top of the page. If you use these data in your research or applications please include a reference in your publication(s) similar to the following example:

Amy McNally, NASA/GSFC/HSL (04.18.2016), *FLDAS Noah Land Surface Model L4 monthly 0.1 x 0.1 degree for Southern Africa (MERRA-2 and CHIRPS), Version 001*, Greenbelt, Maryland, USA: Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center (GES DISC), Accessed **Enter User Data Access Date** at doi:10.5067/8LPWNKCBUDA6

## 2.0 Data Organization

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The current released FLDAS data are version 001 monthly and daily data. Temporal coverage is Jan 2001 to present for the simulation “A” runs and Jan 1982 to present for the simulation “C” runs. Spatial resolutions are 0.1 x 0.1 degree for FLDAS Noah model data and 0.25 x 0.25 degree for FLDAS VIC model data. The spatial resolutions and coverages are summarized in Table 2.

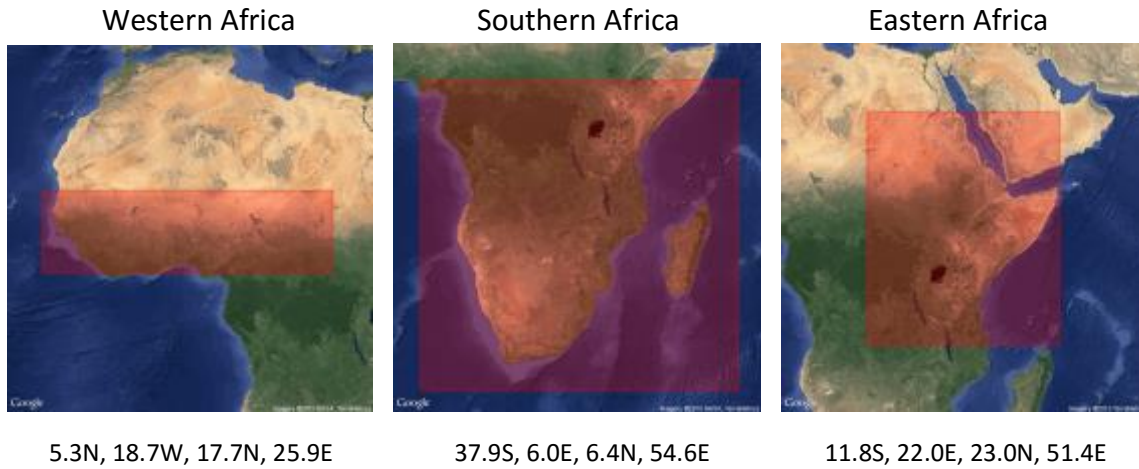
### 2.1 Spatial Resolution and Coverage

Table 2. FLDAS Spatial Resolution and Coverage

LSM	Region	Spatial Coverage	Spatial Resolution	Dimension lat x lon
Noah	Eastern Africa	11.8S ~ 23.0N, 22.0E ~ 51.4E	0.1° x 0.1°	348 x 294
Noah	Southern Africa	37.9S ~ 6.4N 6.0E ~ 54.6E	0.1° x 0.1°	443 x 486
Noah	Western Africa	5.3N ~ 17.7N 18.7W ~ 25.9E	0.1° x 0.1°	124 x 446
VIC	Eastern Africa	12.0S ~ 23.25N, 21.75E ~ 51.25E	0.25° x 0.25°	141 x 118
VIC	Southern Africa	34.75S ~ 6.75N, 5.75E ~ 51.25E	0.25° x 0.25°	166 x 182
VIC	Western Africa	5.0N ~ 18.0N 17.25W ~ 25.75E	0.25° x 0.25°	52 x 172



Figure 1. FLDAS spatial coverage for 0.1° x 0.1° data products



## 2.2 File Naming Convention

FLDAS data are grouped by LSM, spatial resolution, forcing data, spatial coverage, and temporal resolution (Table 3). Each group is referred as a data product and named in accordance with the following convention:

FLDAS\_<Model><Grid spacing>\_<Forcing type>\_<Region>\_<Temporal spacing>

Attribute	Description
<Model>	"NOAH" for the Noah Model
	"VIC" for the Variable Infiltration Capacity Model
<Grid spacing>	"025" for 0.25 degree
	"01" for 0.1 degree
<Forcing Type>	"A" for forced with GDAS and RFE2 data
	"C" for forced MERRA-2 and CHIRPS data
<Region>	"EA" for Eastern Africa
	"WA" for Western Africa
	"SA" for Southern Africa
<Temporal spacing>	"D" for daily data products
	"M" for monthly data products

For example, FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_EA\_M is a product name for FLDAS Noah Land Surface Model L4 monthly 0.1 x 0.1 degree for Eastern Africa, forced by MERRA-2 and CHIRPS data.

FLDAS data files are named in accordance with the following convention:

<Product ID>\_A<Date>.<Product version>.nc

Attribute	Description
<Product ID>	Data Product Short Name (see Table 3)
<Date> *	<YYYYMMDD> for daily data products
	<YYYYMM> for monthly data products
<Product version>	"001" for Version 1

\* (4-digit year; 2-digit month; 2-digit day of month.)

For examples, "FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_EA\_M.A198201.001.nc is a file for version 1 monthly 0.1 x 0.1 degree FLDAS data from Noah LSM forced by MERRA-2 and CHIRPS data for January 1982.

## 2.3 File Format and Structure

The FLDAS data are archived in NetCDF format. NetCDF is a set of software libraries and self-describing, machine-independent data formats that support the creation, access, and sharing of array-oriented scientific data [\[see more\]](#).

# 3.0 Data Contents

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## 3.1 Data Products

Based on the product naming convention, the FLDAS data products currently available at GES DISC are named as in Table 3.

Table 3. FLDAS Data Products

	Model	Forcing Data	Region	Product Short Name
Monthly	Noah	GDAS and RFE2 Referred as "A"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_EA_M
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_SA_M
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_WA_M
		MERRA-2 and CHIRPS Referred as "C"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_C_EA_M
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_C_WA_M
	VIC	GDAS and RFE2 Referred as "A"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_EA_M
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_SA_M
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_WA_M

<b>Daily</b>		MERRA-2 and CHIRPS Referred as "C"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_VIC025_C_EA_M
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_VIC025_C_SA_M
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_VIC025_C_WA_M
	<b>Noah</b>	GDAS and RFE2 Referred as "A"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_EA_D
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_SA_D
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_NOAH01_A_WA_D
	<b>VIC</b>	GDAS and RFE2 Referred as "A"	Eastern Africa (EA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_EA_D
			Southern Africa (SA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_SA_D
			Western Africa (WA)	FLDAS_VIC025_A_WA_D

## 3.2 Data Parameters

### 3.2.1 FLDAS Noah Model Data

The FLDAS Noah model has two simulation runs ("A" and "C") for Eastern Africa, Southern Africa, and Western Africa. The Noah simulation "A" was initialized on January 1, 2001, forced by soil moisture and other state fields from GDAS and RFE2. The Noah simulation "C" was initialized on January 1, 1982, forced by soil moisture and other state fields from MERRA-2 and CHIRPS. The FLDAS Noah model data from simulation "A" contain twenty-five fields, and the FLDAS Noah model data from simulation "C" contain twenty-six fields, as listed in Table 4a.

Table 4a. Parameters from FLDAS Noah model data

Short Name	Description	Unit
Evap_tavg	Evapotranspiration	kg m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
LWdown_f_tavg	Downward long-wave radiation flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Lwnet_tavg	Net long-wave radiation flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Psurf_f_tavg	Surface pressure	Pa
Qair_f_tavg	Specific humidity	kg kg <sup>-1</sup>
Qg_tavg	Heat flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Qh_tavg	Sensible heat net flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Qle_tavg	Latent heat net flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Qs_tavg	Storm surface runoff	kg m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
Qsb_tavg	Baseflow-groundwater runoff	kg m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
RadT_tavg	Surface radiative temperature	K
Rainf_f_tavg	Total precipitation rate	kg m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
SM01_Percentile	Soil moisture percentiles	%
SMRZ_Percentile*	Root zone soil moisture percentiles	%
SoilMoi00_10cm_tavg	Soil moisture (0 - 10 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>-3</sup>
SoilMoi10_40cm_tavg	Soil moisture (10 - 40 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>-3</sup>

SoilMoi100_200cm_tavg	Soil moisture (100 - 200 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m-3
SoilMoi40_100cm_tavg	Soil moisture (40 - 100 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m-3
SoilTemp00_10cm_tavg	Soil temperature (0 - 10 cm underground)	K
SoilTemp10_40cm_tavg	Soil temperature (10 - 40 cm underground)	K
SoilTemp100_200cm_tavg	Soil temperature (100 - 200 cm underground)	K
SoilTemp40_100cm_tavg	Soil temperature (40 - 100 cm underground)	K
SWdown_f_tavg	Surface downward shortwave radiation	W m-2
Swnet_tavg	Net short wave radiation flux	W m-2
Tair_f_tavg	Near surface air temperature	K
Wind_f_tavg	Near surface wind speed	m s-1

The short names with extension “\_tavg” are past 3-hr averaged variables.

The short names with “\_f” are forcing variables.

SM01\_Percentile represents the soil moisture percentiles for 0-10 cm underground, and SMRZ\_Percentile represents the soil moisture percentiles for 0-200 cm underground.

\*SMRZ\_Percentile is only available in three products: FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_EA\_M, FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_SA\_M, and FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_WA\_M.

### 3.2.2 FLDAS VIC Model Data

The FLDAS VIC model has three simulation runs (“A” and “C”) for Eastern Africa, Southern Africa, and Western Africa. The VIC simulation “A” was initialized on January 1, 2001, forced by soil moisture and other state fields from GDAS and RFE2. The VIC simulation “C” was initialized on January 1, 1982, forced by soil moisture and other state fields from MERRA-2 and CHIRPS. The FLDAS VIC model data contain twenty-three fields, as listed in Table 4b.

Table 4b. Parameters from FLDAS VIC model data

Short Name	Description	Unit
Evap_tavg	Evapotranspiration	kg m-2 s-1
LWdown_f_tavg	Downward long-wave radiation flux	W m-2
Lwnet_tavg	Net long-wave radiation flux	W m-2
Psurf_f_tavg	Surface pressure	Pa
Qair_f_tavg	Specific humidity	kg kg-1
Qg_tavg	Heat flux	W m-2
Qh_tavg	Sensible heat net flux	W m-2
Qle_tavg	Latent heat net flux	W m-2
Qs_tavg	Storm surface runoff	kg m-2 s-1
Qsb_tavg	Baseflow-groundwater runoff	kg m-2 s-1
RadT_tavg	Surface radiative temperature	K
Rainf_f_tavg	Total precipitation rate	kg m-2 s-1

SM01_Percentile	Soil moisture percentiles	%
SoilMoi00_10cm_tavg	Soil moisture (0 - 10 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>-3</sup>
SoilMoi10_160cm_tavg	Soil moisture (10 - 160 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>-3</sup>
SoilMoi160_190cm_tavg	Soil moisture (160 - 190 cm underground)	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>-3</sup>
SoilTemp00_10cm_tavg	Soil temperature (0 - 10 cm underground)	K
SoilTemp10_160cm_tavg	Soil temperature (10 - 160 cm underground)	K
SoilTemp160_190cm_tavg	Soil temperature (160 - 190 cm underground)	K
SWdown_f_tavg	Surface downward shortwave radiation	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Swnet_tavg	Net short wave radiation flux	W m <sup>-2</sup>
Tair_f_tavg	Near surface air temperature	K
Wind_f_tavg	Near surface wind speed	m s <sup>-1</sup>

The short names with extension “\_tavg” are past 3-hr averaged variables.  
The short names with “\_f” are forcing variables.

Soil moisture percentiles are an indicator of growing season conditions in the context of historical observations. More information about the soil moisture percentiles can be found at <http://lis.gsfc.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/LIS/docs/SoilMoisturePercentile.pdf>.

## 4.0 Options for Reading the Data

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### 4.1 Utilities

The FLDAS data are archived in self-describing and machine-independent NetCDF format. The Unidata page, <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/software.html>, provides a list of software for manipulating or displaying NetCDF Data.

### 4.2 Panoply

Panoply, <https://www.giss.nasa.gov/tools/panoply/>, is a cross-platform application that plots geo-referenced and other arrays from NetCDF, HDF, GRIB, and other data sets.

The [Data Cookbook](#) of NASA GES DISC provides a recipe for [Quick View Data with Panoply](#).

### 4.3 GrADS

The Grid Analysis and Display System (GrADS) is an interactive desktop tool for easy access, manipulation, and visualization of earth science data. GrADS supports several data formats,

such as binary, NetCDF, HDF, and GRIB. The documentation and software for GrADS can be found at: <http://cola.gmu.edu/grads/>.

Each individual FLDAS NetCDF file can be opened by GrADS `sdfopen` directly without a data descriptor file (aka ctl file). After calling `sdfopen`, GrADS commands, such as “q file”, “d [variable\_name]”, etc. can be used to query file information, read and display the data. Below is an example showing how to `sdfopen` a FLDAS NetCDF file and query for the dimensions and variables of the file.

```
hrui@hydrol:~/FLDAS_1.0$ grads

      Welcome to the OpenGrADS Bundle Distribution
      -----

For additional information enter "grads -h".

Starting "/opt/grads-
2.1.a2.oqa.1/Linux/Versions/2.1.a2.oqa.1/x86_64/grads  " ...

Grid Analysis and Display System (GrADS) Version 2.1.a2.oqa.1
Copyright (c) 1988-2013 by the Institute for Global Environment and
Society (IGES)
GrADS comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY
See file COPYRIGHT for more information

Config: v2.1.a2.oqa.1 little-endian readline grib2 netcdf hdf4-sds
hdf5 opendap-grids, stn athena geotiff shapefile cairo
Issue 'q config' command for more detailed configuration information
Loading User Defined Extensions table </opt/grads-
2.1.a2.oqa.1/Linux/Versions/2.1.a2.oqa.1/x86_64/gex/udxt> ... ok.
Landscape mode? ('n' for portrait):
GX Package Initialization: Size = 11 8.5
ga-> sdfopen FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A198201.001.nc
Scanning self-describing file: FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A198102.001.nc
SDF file FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A198201.001.nc is open as file 1
LON set to 6.05 54.55
LAT set to -37.85 6.35
LEV set to 0 0
Time values set: 1982:1:1:0 1982:1:1:0
E set to 1 1
ga-> q file
File 1 : LVT land surface analysis output
  Descriptor: FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A198201.001.nc
  Binary: FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A198201.001.nc
  Type = Gridded
  Xsize = 486  Ysize = 443  Zsize = 1  Tsize = 1  Esize = 1
  Number of Variables = 26
    evap_tavg  0  t,y,x  total evapotranspiration
    lwdown_f_inst  0  t,y,x  surface downward longwave radiation
    lwnet_tavg  0  t,y,x  net downward longwave radiation
    psurf_f_inst  0  t,y,x  surface pressure
    qair_f_inst  0  t,y,x  specific humidity
    qg_tavg  0  t,y,x  soil heat flux
```

```

qh_tavg 0 t,y,x sensible heat flux
qle_tavg 0 t,y,x latent heat flux
qs_tavg 0 t,y,x surface runoff
qsb_tavg 0 t,y,x subsurface runoff amount
radt_tavg 0 t,y,x surface radiative temperature
rainf_f_tavg 0 t,y,x rainfall flux
sm01_percentile 0 t,y,x soil moisture percentiles
swdown_f_tavg 0 t,y,x surface downward shortwave radiation
soilmoi00_10cm 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi10_40cm 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi40_100cm 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi100_200c 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soiltemp00_10cm 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp10_40cm 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp40_100c 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp100_200 0 t,y,x soil temperature
swnet_tavg 0 t,y,x net downward shortwave radiation
tair_f_avg 0 t,y,x air temperature
wind_f_avg 0 t,y,x wind speed
smrz_percentile 0 t,y,x root zone soil moisture percentiles
ga->

```

With a GrADS descriptor file, by using GrADS command `xdfopen`, multiple FLDAS NetCDF files can be opened, therefore, time aggregation related visualization and data analysis can be done by GrADS. Below is a GrADS sample descriptor file for monthly 0.1 x 0.1 degree Noah model data product FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_SA\_M.001.

FLDAS\_NOAH01\_M.001.xdf, a sample data descriptor file

```

DSET FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A%y4%m2.001.nc
OPTIONS template
TDEF time 411 LINEAR Jan1982 1mo
*** variable name may not appear completely (max 15 characters)

```

An example for using `xdfopen` to open FLDAS\_NOAH01\_C\_SA\_M.001.XDF

```

ga-> xdfopen FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.001.XDF
Scanning Descriptor File: FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.001.XDF
SDF file /var/tmp/hrui/FLDAS/FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A%y4%m2.001.nc is
open as file 1
LON set to 6.05 54.55
LAT set to -37.85 6.35
LEV set to 0 0
Time values set: 1982:1:1:0 1982:1:1:0
E set to 1 1
ga-> q file
File 1 : LIS land surface model output
Descriptor: FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.001.XDF
Binary: /var/tmp/hrui/FLDAS/FLDAS_NOAH01_C_SA_M.A%y4%m2.001.nc
Type = Gridded
Xsize = 486 Ysize = 443 Zsize = 1 Tsize = 411 Esize = 1
Number of Variables = 26
    evap_tavg 0 t,y,x total evapotranspiration
    lwdown_f_tavg 0 t,y,x surface downward longwave radiation
    lwnet_tavg 0 t,y,x net downward longwave radiation

```

```
psurf_f_tavg 0 t,y,x surface pressure
qair_f_tavg 0 t,y,x specific humidity
qg_tavg 0 t,y,x soil heat flux
qh_tavg 0 t,y,x sensible heat flux
qle_tavg 0 t,y,x latent heat flux
qs_tavg 0 t,y,x surface runoff
qsb_tavg 0 t,y,x subsurface runoff amount
radt_tavg 0 t,y,x surface radiative temperature
rainf_f_tavg 0 t,y,x rainfall flux
sm01_percentile 0 t,y,x soil moisture percentiles
swdown_f_tavg 0 t,y,x surface downward shortwave radiation
soilmoi00_10cm_ 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi10_40cm_ 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi40_100cm 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soilmoi100_200c 0 t,y,x soil moisture content
soiltemp00_10cm 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp10_40cm 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp40_100c 0 t,y,x soil temperature
soiltemp100_200 0 t,y,x soil temperature
swnet_tavg_0 t,y,x net downward shortwave radiation
tair_f_tavg 0 t,y,x air temperature
wind_f_tavg 0 t,y,x wind speed
smrz_percentile 0 t,y,x root zone soil moisture percentiles
ga->
```

# 5.0 Data Services

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The NASA GES DISC maintains archives of all FLDAS data products and many other Hydrology data sets. The archived data can be accessed via HTTPS network transfer. FLDAS data can be accessed via the GES DISC Unified User Interface (UUI) at <https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/uui/datasets?keywords=FLDAS>.

## 5.1 EOSDIS Earthdata Search System

The EarthData Search Client (EDSC) can be used to find and retrieve datasets across multiple data centers: <https://search.earthdata.nasa.gov/search?q=FLDAS&ok=FLDAS>.

## 5.2 OPeNDAP Access

The FLDAS data can be accessed via OPeNDAP for variable and spatial subsetting: <https://hydro1.gesdisc.eosdis.nasa.gov/opendap/hyrax/FLDAS/>.



## 5.3 HTTPS Access

The FLDAS data can be downloaded directly via the GES DISC HTTPS server:

<https://hydro1.gesdisc.eosdis.nasa.gov/data/FLDAS/>.

## 5.4 Giovanni

The GES-DISC Interactive Online Visualization ANd aNalysis Interface (Giovanni) is a web-based tool that allows users to interactively visualize and analyze data:

<https://giovanni.gsfc.nasa.gov/giovanni/#dataKeyword=FLDAS>.

If you need assistance or wish to report a problem:

**Email:** [gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov](mailto:gsfc-help-disc@lists.nasa.gov)

**Voice:** 301-614-5224

**Fax:** 301-614-5268

**Address:**

Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center NASA Goddard Space Flight Center Code 610.2 Greenbelt, MD 20771 USA

## 6.0 More Information

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### 6.1 Data Volume

Model	Resolution	Spatial Coverage	File Size	Volume/year	
				Monthly Data	Daily Data
Noah	0.1° × 0.1°	Eastern Africa	11 MB	132 MB	4.1 GB
		Southern Africa	22 MB	264 MB	8.2 GB
		Western Africa	6 MB	72 MB	2.4 GB
VIC	0.25° × 0.25°	Eastern Africa	2 MB	24 MB	0.8 GB
		Southern Africa	3 MB	36 MB	1.2 GB
		Western Africa	1 MB	12 MB	0.4 GB

The table will be updated as data volume information for other models become available.

## 7.0 Acknowledgements

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## References

McNally, A. *et al.* A land data assimilation system for sub-Saharan Africa food and water security applications. *Sci. Data* 4:170012 doi: 10.1038/sdata.2017.12 (2017)

## Appendices

The following acronyms and abbreviations are used in this document.

CHIRPS	Climate Hazards Group InfraRed Precipitation with Station data
FLDAS	Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) Land Data Assimilation System
GDAS	Global Data Assimilation System
GDS	GrADS Data Server
GES DISC	Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center
Giovanni	GES-DISC Interactive Online Visualization and Analysis Infrastructure
GrADS	Grid Analysis and Display System
GRIB	GRIdded Binary
HDF	Hierarchical Data Format
HDISC	Hydrology Data and Information Services Center
LDAS	Land Data Assimilation System
LIS	Land Information System
LSM	Land Surface Model
MERRA	Modern Era Retrospective-analysis for Research and Applications
MERRA-2	MERRA Version 2
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NetCDF	network Common Data Form
NIDIS	National Integrated Drought Information System
Noah	National Centers for Environmental Prediction/Oregon State University/ Air Force/Hydrologic Research Lab (Noah)
VIC	Variable Infiltration Capacity macroscale model